Subsequent citations should use only the first author’s name, followed by et al. In 1980, Jackson et al. indicated success (p. 13). For six or more authors, use the first author’s name and et al. even for the first citation. In 2014, Hardy et al. proved that intense cold makes no difference to the resulting bloom (p. 56).

CORPORATE AUTHOR According to the British Museum (1999), ...


MULTIVOLUME WORK Use the page number and date; indicate the volume in the reference section only.

TWO OR MORE WORKS IN THE SAME PARENTHESIS Tudor officials immediately issued warrants for their arrest (Smith, 1979; Jones, 1980).

AN ENTIRE WORK Zelazny’s “Creatures of Light and Darkness” (1969) features characters in the form of Egyptian gods and goddesses.

WORK IN AN ANTHOLOGY Cite the specific work only, not the anthology or its editor.

MULTIMEDIA SOURCES

VIDEO OR FILM Cite as in-text document using release date. If citing a specific scene or excerpt, include the range of hours, minutes, and seconds you plan to reference, like so: (00:02:15-00:02:35).

PODCAST/YOUTUBE Use video/podcast author name, if known, title, and posting date. Include the range of hours, minutes, and seconds you plan to reference, like so: (00:02:15-00:02:25).

No missing fingers on Gordon Ramsey’s video “How to Finely Chop an Onion,” on YouTube (2013).

LECTURE/PUBLIC ADDRESS The hazards of hyperbaric and underwater welding were ably discussed by Delfin, et al. in an address delivered at the WaterWelders Annual Meeting (2019).

OTHER SOURCES

THE PURDUE OWL Karl Stolley and Allen Brizee (2011) write in the Online Writing Lab at Purdue University, “Research-based writing in American institutions, both educational and corporate, is filled with rules that writers, particularly beginners, aren’t aware of or don’t know how to follow.”

GOVERNMENT PUBLICATION A significant threat to the state’s water quality is nutrient pollution caused by excess nitrogen and phosphorus entering the environment (California CDC 18-84, 2017).

PERSONAL INTERVIEW No personal communication is included in your reference list; instead, parenthetically cite the communicator’s name, the phrase “personal communication,” and the date of the communication in your main text only.

(F. Masters, personal communication, February 12, 2001). P. Owens made difficult moments as an ER nurse seem easy (personal communication, October 9, 2002).

APA style updated July 2018 from:
https://owl.purdue.edu/owl/research_and_citation/apa_style/apa_formatting_and_style_guide/general_format.html

American Psychological Association Citation Style, 6th ed.

When it’s Time to Study

Come to the Library!
APA STYLE IS...

...a method for documenting sources used in college research, especially in the social sciences. Because these fields emphasize the date a work was created, most APA citations (references) show the date right after the name of the creator(s).

This guide provides citation guidelines for many popular resources used in college research. However, it is not possible to include every example. If you do not find an example of a source you have used in your research, please consult the sixth edition of the APA Manual.

REFERENCE LISTS

CITING BOOKS Book citations in APA generally require author name, publication year, work title, publication city, and publisher.

GENERAL BOOK FORMAT Author, A. A. (Year of publication). Title of work: Capital letter also for subtitle. Location: Publisher name, publication year.


TWO AUTHORS Use the ampersand (&) instead of “and”.


MORE AUTHORS For 3 to 7 authors, list every author by last name and initials, with a comma between authors until the last author, when an ampersand (&) is used.


ANY AUTHORS If there are more than seven authors, after the sixth author’s name, use an ellipses in place of the remaining names, and then provide the final author’s name.


CORPORATE/ORGANIZATION AUTHOR British Museum. (2011). …

UNKNOWN AUTHOR Roget’s thesaurus. (2018). …

TWO OR MORE WORKS BY THE SAME AUTHOR Include the author’s name for each entry. Order according to the year (earliest first).


TWO OR MORE WORKS BY THE SAME AUTHOR, SAME YEAR. Include the author’s name for each entry. Order according to year. Within a single year, order alphabetically by title. If all repeated years use lowercase letter suffix.


ARTICLES IN PERIODICALS In APA periodical citation, authors are named by their last name followed by initials; the publication year goes between parentheses and is followed by a period. Only the first word and proper nouns are capitalized for article titles. Periodical titles are written in title case and followed by the volume number, which, with the title, is also italicized.


ONLINE SOURCES In APA citation, online sources often include DOIs (digital object identifiers). If a DOI is available, it is placed in place of a URL. The DOI is frequently found on the first page of an online source; APA generally cites author, date, page title, site title, available page numbers, and a URL or DOI.


OTHER SOURCES


IN-TEXT CITATIONS APA adds to MLA style by including page number(s) and date. The date is generally provided parenthetically next to author(s)’ names, while page numbers always appear parenthetically at the ends of sentences. The date is important in social science because it helps demonstrate the relevance (newness) of the work being cited.

AUTHOR NAMED IN A SIGNAL PHRASE This phenomenon is also referred to as “crowd mentality” (Garcia, 1999, p. 75).

AUTHOR NAMED IN A SIGNAL PHRASE This phenomenon is also referred to as “crowd mentality” (Philosophical Musings, 1999, p. 75).

UNKNOWN AUTHOR This phenomenon is also referred to as “crowd mentality” (Philosophical Musings, 1999, p. 75).

UNKNOWN PAGE NUMBER According to Garcia (1999), this phenomenon is also referred to as “cumulative memory” (Mass Hysteria section, para. 13).

MORE THAN ONE WORK BY THE SAME AUTHOR This phenomenon is also referred to as “cumulative memory” (Mass Hysteria section, para. 13).

TWO AUTHORS Note: Use “and” between authors’ names in the text and an ampersand (&) in parentheses, as shown below.

In text: Ross and Ito (2011) confirm detection of a Misseuse mutation (p. 7). In parentheses: A Misseuse mutation may be the cause (Roe & Ito, 1999, p. 77).

MANY AUTHORS For three to five authors, list every author the first time you make the reference. Use “and” before the final author in the text and an ampersand (&) in parentheses. In subsequent citations, use only the first author’s name, followed by et al. 3-5 authors: In 1980, Jackson, Lee, Hill, Ha, and Jing indicated success (p. 13).